

PHILIPPINES - TYPHOON YOLANDA/HAIYAN

FACT SHEET #19, FISCAL YEAR (FY) 2014

DECEMBER 31, 2013

NUMBERS AT A GLANCE

16 million

People Affected by Typhoon Yolanda/Haiyan in the Philippines

Government of the Philippines (GPH) National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC) – December 31, 2013

6,155

Deaths Associated with Typhoon Yolanda/Haiyan in the Philippines

NDRRMC - December 31, 2013

4.1 million

People Displaced by Typhoon Yolanda/Haiyan in the Philippines

NDRRMC – December 31, 2013

I.I million

Houses Damaged or Destroyed by Typhoon Yolanda/Haiyan in the Philippines

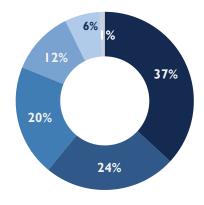
NDRRMC – December 31, 2013

\$8.2 billion

Amount Requested by the GPH RAY through 2017 GPH – December 18, 2013

USAID/OFDA: FUNDING

BY SECTOR IN FY 2014*



- Logistics & Relief Commodities (37%)
- Shelter & Settlements (24%)
- Water, Sanitation, & Hygiene (20%)
- Economic Recovery & Market Systems (12%)
- Protection (6%)
- Humanitarian Coordination & Information Management (1%)
- *USAID/OFDA partners are mainstreaming protection into ongoing typhoon response activities in all sectors.

HIGHLIGHTS

- USAID's Disaster Assistance Response
 Team (DART) transitions to a field office as
 the response shifts to early recovery
 programming
- The GPH launches its four-year recovery and rehabilitation plan, the Reconstruction Assistance on Yolanda (RAY)
- USAID/OFDA commits nearly \$2.2 million in livelihoods and protection support

HUMANITARIAN FUNDING

TO THE PHILIPPINES FOR TYPHOON YOLANDA/HAIYAN TO DATE IN FY 2014

407 774 77 5	
DoD³	\$31,700,375
USAID/FFP ²	\$20,064,400
USAID/OFDA	\$35,000,000

\$86,764,775

TOTAL USG ASSISTANCE TO THE PHILIPPINES

KEY DEVELOPMENTS

- On December 18, the USAID DART—mobilized on November 9 to respond to
 Typhoon Yolanda/Haiyan's effects in the Philippines—transitioned to a field office as
 the emergency response phase shifted to early recovery programming. USAID/OFDA
 will maintain a presence in the Philippines for the coming weeks to coordinate ongoing
 humanitarian response activity with the GPH, U.N., and other partner organizations.
- The GPH launched the RAY on December 18. The four-year plan aims to rehabilitate and rebuild areas damaged by the typhoon while increasing resilience to future natural disasters. The RAY requests nearly \$8.2 billion for activities in typhoon-affected areas, including approximately \$780 million for critical actions in shelter, education, agriculture, livelihoods, and protection. Short-term interventions lasting through 2014 seek approximately \$2 billion in assistance, with \$5.3 billion requested to address medium-term needs through 2017.

¹ USAID's Office of U.S. Foreign Disaster Assistance (USAID/OFDA)

² USAID's Office of Food for Peace (USAID/FFP)

³ U.S. Department of Defense (DoD)

AGRICULTURE AND FOOD SECURITY

- The U.N. reports that nearly 5.6 million people require food assistance and support to prevent food insecurity and restore agricultural and fishing livelihoods.
- As of December 29, the U.N. World Food Program (WFP) had dispatched nearly 12,800 metric tons (MT) of food, including approximately 12,500 MT of rice, 268 MT of high-energy biscuits (HEBs), and 22 MT of specialized nutrition products.
- More than 22,400 farmers have received 40 kilograms of rice seed each to date, representing approximately 51 percent of the targeted population of 44,000 beneficiaries.
- Earlier this month, USAID/FFP contributed an additional \$10 million in assistance to WFP in the Philippines. This assistance will be implemented using a variety of food assistance modalities, including the purchase of 5,000 MT of rice, sufficient to help feed 500,000 people for one month; funding for the regional procurement of additional food aid; and support for cash-for-work activities designed to promote early recovery and the rebuilding of livelihoods. To date, USAID/FFP has provided more than \$20 million to WFP in the Philippines for the provision of food assistance, including contributions of in-kind food and regionally purchased rice.

NUTRITION

- Humanitarian partners have screened more than 49,000 children under five years of age for malnutrition, with 1,490 children identified as suffering from acute malnutrition, including 161 cases of severe acute malnutrition and approximately 1,330 cases of moderate acute malnutrition, to date.
- Blanket supplemental feeding programs have reached nearly 27,000 children between six months and five years of age with 50 MT of HEBs and ready-to-use supplementary foods in Capiz, Eastern Samar, Iloilo, and Leyte provinces to prevent new cases of acute malnutrition, according to WFP and the Nutrition Cluster—the coordinating body for humanitarian nutrition activities, comprising U.N. agencies, non-governmental organizations (NGOs), and other stakeholders. In addition, humanitarian partners have reached more than 5,000 pregnant and lactating women with infant and young child feeding services at 21 baby-friendly spaces.

LIVELIHOODS

- Humanitarian organizations reported on December 27 that the typhoon affected approximately 5.9 million workers, of whom 2.6 million have been identified as the most vulnerable. The Early Recovery and Livelihoods Cluster is targeting assistance to 400,000 of the most vulnerable persons.
- The U.N. reported that as of December 20, humanitarian organizations had engaged more than 14,000 typhoon-affected individuals in emergency employment programs over the past month.
- As of December 26, more than 18,100 beneficiaries had received cash transfers through NGO and GPH Department
 of Social Welfare and Development partnerships. The GPH's conditional cash transfer program began on December
 20, with more than 1,700 households in two typhoon-affected municipalities in Leyte Province each receiving
 approximately \$30 and rice provisions.
- USAID/OFDA recently committed nearly \$2.2 million to support livelihoods opportunities and provide protection
 assistance for the most vulnerable typhoon-affected populations through partner Handicap International (HI). HI is
 working in Leyte to identify vulnerable populations and restore their livelihoods through cash transfers, the provision
 of livelihoods assets, and relevant training.

SHELTER AND SETTLEMENTS

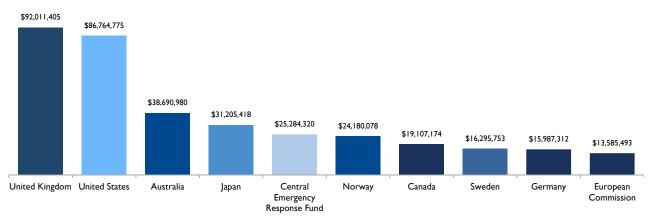
• On December 26, the Shelter Cluster published final results from a joint shelter–water, sanitation, and hygiene (WASH) assessment conducted between November 28 and December 12. The assessment found high levels of structural

- damage across typhoon-affected areas, with only 22 percent of households in those areas reporting no damage. Of affected households, 48 percent stated that they needed support to complete reconstruction or repairs.
- To date, Shelter Cluster partners have provided basic emergency shelter materials, such as plastic sheeting, tents, tools, and rope, to approximately 238,000 households across affected areas. In addition, nearly 24,000 households have received support for self-recovery efforts through shelter repair kits, cash transfers, and construction materials.
- USAID/OFDA has provided nearly \$6.8 million to support the shelter needs of typhoon-affected populations.

INTERNATIONAL ASSISTANCE

- The Republic of Korea (RoK) deployed a military contingent to the Philippines on December 28 to provide logistical and engineering assistance to ongoing humanitarian operations. The RoK forces—accompanied by heavy engineering equipment—plan to remain in Leyte and Samar provinces for one year, according to the U.N.
- As of December 31, international donors had pledged approximately \$583 million to address the needs of populations
 affected by Typhoon Yolanda/Haiyan. The total amount pledged represents nearly 74 percent of the \$791 million
 requested by the U.N.'s Typhoon Haiyan Strategic Response Plan for the Philippines.

2013 TOTAL HUMANITARIAN FUNDING* PER DONOR



*Funding figures are as of December 31, 2013. All international figures are according to the Financial Tracking Service of the U.N. Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) and based on international commitments during the current calendar year, while USG figures are according to the USG and reflect the most recent USG commitments based on the current fiscal year, which began on October 1, 2013.

CONTEXT

- On November 8, Typhoon Yolanda/Haiyan made landfall in the central Philippines, primarily affecting Eastern Samar, Samar, and Leyte provinces.
- On November 9, U.S. Chargé d'Affaires, a.i., Brian L. Goldbeck declared a disaster in the Philippines due to the effects of Typhoon Yolanda/Haiyan.
- USAID/OFDA activated a field-based DART and corresponding Washington, D.C.-based Response
 Management Team (RMT) on November 9. The DART conducted assessments in affected areas of the
 Philippines, liaised with other humanitarian and government actors in the country, and recommended appropriate
 response and recovery options. The RMT served as a focal point to coordinate the USG humanitarian response,
 program relief activities, and provide support for the DART. On December 18, the RMT demobilized and the
 DART transitioned to a field office based in Manila.

USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE FOR TYPHOON YOLANDA/HAIYAN TO DATE IN FY 2014

IMPLEMENTING PARTNER	ACTIVITY	LOCATION	AMOUNT
	USAID/OFDA ²		
Action Against Hunger/USA (AAH/USA)	Economic Recovery and Market Systems (ERMS)	Leyte Province	\$1,865,493
Agency for Technical Cooperation and Development (ACTED)	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management	Affected Areas	\$43,099
Catholic Relief Services (CRS)	Logistics and Relief Commodities, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Leyte Province	\$8,407,457
Handicap International (HI)	ERMS, Protection	Leyte Province	\$2,185,000
International Organization for Migration (IOM)	Protection	Leyte Province	\$500,000
ОСНА	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management, Risk Management Policy and Practice	Affected Areas	\$250,000
Oxfam/Great Britain (Oxfam/GB)	Protection, WASH	Leyte Province	\$2,688,027
Plan International	Logistics and Relief Commodities, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Eastern Samar, Leyte, and Samar Provinces	\$3,250,955
U.N. Children's Fund (UNICEF)	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management, WASH	Affected Areas	\$750,000
U.N. and NGOs	ERMS, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Affected Areas	\$6,381,266
USAID/OFDA Commodity Airlifts	Logistics and Relief Commodities	Affected Areas	\$3,303,956
USAID/Philippines	Logistics and Relief Commodities, WASH	Affected Areas	\$100,000
WFP	Logistics and Relief Commodities	Affected Areas	\$5,000,000
Admin Support			\$274,747
TOTAL USAID/OFDA ASSISTA	NCE		\$35,000,000
	USAID/FFP ³		
WFP	Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Affected Areas	\$8,614,400
WFP	Cash-for-Work Activities for Early Recovery, Local and Regional Food Procurement	Affected Areas	\$11,450,000
TOTAL USAID/FFP ASSISTAN	CE		\$20,064,400
	DOD		
DoD	Logistics	Affected Areas	\$31,700,375
TOTAL DOD ASSISTANCE			\$31,700,375
TOTAL USG HUMANITARIAN	ASSISTANCE TO THE PHILIPPINES FOR TYPHO	ON YOLANDA/HAIYAN_	\$86,764,775

PUBLIC DONATION INFORMATION

- The most effective way people can assist relief efforts is by making cash contributions to humanitarian organizations that are conducting relief operations. A list of humanitarian organizations that are accepting cash donations for disaster responses around the world can be found at www.interaction.org.
- USAID encourages cash donations because they allow aid professionals to procure the exact items needed (often in the
 affected region); reduce the burden on scarce resources (such as transportation routes, staff time, and warehouse space);
 can be transferred very quickly and without transportation costs; support the economy of the disaster-stricken region;
 and ensure culturally, dietary, and environmentally appropriate assistance.
- More information can be found at:
 - The Center for International Disaster Information: www.cidi.org or +1.202.821.1999.
 - Information on relief activities of the humanitarian community can be found at www.reliefweb.int.