

Office of Transition Initiatives (OTI)

BURMA

February 2016

PROGRAM AT A GLANCE

328

USAID/OTI activities to date

111

Local partners USAID/OTI has worked with to date

374

Civil society organizations engaged in advocacy

1,427

Trainings, events or other interventions to build support for peace and reconciliation

FAST FACTS

Start Date

September 2012

Partner

Development Alternatives, Inc.

\$44.2 MILLION

BUDGET TO DATE

\$20.5M TRANSITION INITIATIVES
FUNDS (TI)

\$20.9M ECONOMIC SUPPORT
FUNDS (ESF), COMPLEX CRISES
FUNDS, AND WAR VICTIMS FUNDS

\$7.55M FY2016 TO DATE \$3.8M TI \$3.75M ESF

WHY USAID/OTI IS IN BURMA

The United States recognizes Burma's recent reform efforts as the most significant opportunity in decades to engage with the people of Burma and their government in the pursuit of democracy, peace and human rights. Burma faces complex, simultaneous and multi-dimensional transitions: from authoritarian rule to democracy; from armed conflict to peace; and from a centrally managed, planned economy to market-led economic policies. The country is emerging from isolation to integrate into the regional and international community. In late 2015, eight ethnic armed groups and the government signed Nationwide Ceasefire Agreement (NCA), followed by peaceful parliamentary elections, which resulted in a landslide victory for the opposition. The new government led by the National League of Democracy will take power in the spring of 2016.

USAID/OTI'S MISSION

In support of US foreign policy, OTI seizes emerging windows of opportunity in the political landscape to promote stability, peace, and democracy by catalyzing local initiatives through adaptive and agile programming.

USAID/OTI'S ROLE IN BURMA

USAID/OTI seeks to deepen and sustain the reform process and foster legitimate, inclusive peacebuilding processes. To achieve this goal, USAID/OTI's work in Burma focuses on the following objectives:

- Enhance the ability of key stakeholders to engage in the peace process;
- Facilitate public engagement in the reform process;
- · Reduce the influence of drivers of inter-communal conflict; and
- Enable survivors of explosive remnants of war and persons with disabilities in conflict-affected areas to participate in social and economic life.

PROGRAM HIGHLIGHTS

- Partnered with a local women's organization to develop and pilot an advocacy strategy for women's organizations seeking to strengthen local participation in decision-making.
- Created Burma's first weekly live political discussion program, the "Democratic Voice of Burma Debate Program," broadcast on satellite TV and the Internet.
- Brought together political parties, civil society organizations and ethnic armed groups to discuss the peace process and build a culture of dialogue among diverse groups, building consensus for a Nationwide Ceasefire Agreement after decades of armed conflict.
- Strengthened civil society engagement with the Government of Burma in drafting legislation that better protect the rights of Burma's people, including the Disability Rights Law, Anti-Violence against Women Law and Association Registration Law.